UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/759,592	01/16/2004	Jie Liu	180/167/2	8701
	7590 05/31/2007 LARDNER LLP	EXAMINER		
SUITE 500			MILLER, DANIEL H	
3000 K STREE WASHINGTO			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		1775	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/31/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/759,592	LIU ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Daniel Miller	1775				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app						
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	l. hely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 Ag	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27 April 2007</u> .					
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 69-88 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>84-88</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>69-83</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.				
Attachment(s)	_					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3/20/06 & 1/16/04.	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

Application/Control Number: 10/759,592

Art Unit: 1775

DETAILED ACTION

Page 2

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election without traverse of group I claims 69-83 in the reply filed on 4/27/2007 is acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112: The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- A broad range or limitation together with a narrow range or limitation that falls 3. within the broad range or limitation (in the same claim) is considered indefinite, since the resulting claim does not clearly set forth the metes and bounds of the patent protection desired. See MPEP § 2173.05(c). Note the explanation given by the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences in Ex parte Wu, 10 USPQ2d 2031, 2033 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989), as to where broad language is followed by "such as" and then narrow language. The Board stated that this can render a claim indefinite by raising a question or doubt as to whether the feature introduced by such language is (a) merely exemplary of the remainder of the claim, and therefore not required, or (b) a required feature of the claims. Note also, for example, the decisions of Ex parte Steigewald, 131 USPQ 74 (Bd. App. 1961); Ex parte Hall, 83 USPQ 38 (Bd. App. 1948); and Ex parte Hasche, 86 USPQ 481 (Bd. App. 1949). In the present instance, claim 70 recites the broad recitation at least 1 mm, and the claim also recites at least 2000 microns which is

Art Unit: 1775

the narrower statement of the range/limitation. The narrower range is found in the limitations of claim 69 from which claim 70 depends.

Claim Objections

4. Claim 74 is objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 74 recites a nanotube comprises one of a plurality of substantially aligned carbon nanotubes. How can a nanotube comprise a plurality of nanotubes? It is assumed that applicant intends to claim a plurality of carbon nanotubes substantially aligned synthesized on a substrate having a length of at least 2000 microns. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 69-75, and 77-83 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Zhu (Science 3 May 2003 Vol. 296).
- 3. Zhu teaches the growth of well-aligned single and multi walled carbon nanotubes grown to lengths of 10 or 20 centimeters (page 84 and fig. 1).

Application/Control Number: 10/759,592

Art Unit: 1775

4: The claim language "a carbon nanotube synthesized on a substrate" does not positively recite a substrate and is considered a product by process limitation.

Page 4

- 5. "[E]ven though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process.", (In re Thorpe, 227 USPQ 964,966). Once the Examiner provides a rationale tending to show that the claimed product appears to be the same or similar to that of the prior art, although produced by a different process, the burden shifts to applicant to come forward with evidence establishing an unobvious different between the claimed product and the prior art product (In re Marosi, 710 F.2d 798, 802, 218 USPQ 289, 292 (Fed. Cir. 1983), MPEP 2113)
- 6. Regarding claim 73, it is not clear that the process steps claim define the invention structurally. Therefore, the claim is anticipated.
- 7. Regarding claim 72, the nanotubes are smooth and continuous (page 84 third column).
- 8. Regarding claim 75, it can be seen from figure 1 of page 84 that the two SWNT's are substantially isolated from one another.
- 9. Regarding claim 77, Zhu teaches SWCNT's containing 5wt% (a metal) Fe catalyst impurities; which could function as an electrode.

Application/Control Number: 10/759,592 Page 5

Art Unit: 1775

10. Regarding claims 78-83, it is noted that the term device is not defined in the specification. Therefore, for purposes of examination any article is considered to meet the limitation "device". The SWCNT bundles have a few individual nanotubes protruding from the edges (page 84 third column). These nanotubes are capable of being used for their physical or electrical properties and therefore meet the limitation of a "device".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 11. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 12. Claims 73 and 76 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zhu (Science 3 May 2003 Vol. 296) in view of Lieber et al (US 6,781,166 B2).
- 13. Zhu, discussed above, is silent as to a catalyst on a substrate with a carbon nanotube grown from said catalyst, or the nanotubes being in a crossed networked array.
- 14. Lieber teaches an electrical device having a cross networked array of nanotubes grown from catalytic particles on a substrate (figure 1 and abstract).
- 15. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Zhu by growing the nanotubes from a catalytic particle on a substrate and achieving a cross networked geometry as in Lieber in order to take

Application/Control Number: 10/759,592 Page 6

Art Unit: 1775

advantage of the electrical properties of the nanotubes in Zhu; using them in an electrical switch (i.e. memory device; see figure 5 Lieber) substantially similar to Lieber.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Daniel Miller whose telephone number is (571)272-1534. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jennifer McNeil can be reached on (571)272-1540. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Daniel Miller

JENNIFER MCNEIL SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

5/29/7